

Online Harassment & Doxxing Response

Last updated 8/24/22

Harassment is NEVER your fault.

From Crash Override Network:

"A thing to keep in mind is that other people behaving poorly and crossing lines is *not* your fault. You cannot control the actions of others, only your own, and no action should result in widespread harassment. What we are talking about is not being subject to mere criticism, but having your personal boundaries violated or your safety and well-being threatened in a credible and tangible manner. Everyone has a right to be online without having to experience this."



If you are currently experiencing online harassment:

We are so sorry. It is not your fault, and you are not alone. Unfortunately, online harassment has become a part of the online experience for many people, and there is nothing you did to deserve this.

Before you continue, is there someone in your life who can go through this slide deck with you? Perhaps a friend, colleague, or family member? Give them a call or a text; take a few deep breaths, get some water, and a snack. You will get through this!



A quick note on physical vs. digital security

- This presentation will focus on digital security
- Make sure you pair this work with a physical safety plan as well



A quick note on physical vs. digital security

- This presentation will focus on digital security
- Make sure you pair this work with a physical safety plan as well
- A physical safety plan can include:
 - Familiarizing yourself with the entry security, guest procedures, and policies of your workplace and the building you live in
 - Safe place ready to go if you need to leave your home
 - A home security system (see Mozilla's <u>Privacy Not Included</u> guide for private, secure options, or make an old Android into a private security camera with the <u>Haven app</u>)
 - For more information about securing your home, we recommend the <u>"Physical Security Assessment" episode</u> of the Privacy, Security, & OSINT podcast & the <u>accompanying guide</u>



Doxxing & Harassment Response



Doxxing & Harassment Response Steps

- 1. Make a physical safety plan
- 2. Document before you delete
- 3. Tell your friends & family
- 4. Block the bad actors
- 5. Lawyer up
- 6. Self care



Physical safety first!

Quote from Michelle Ferrier, founder of Trollbusters:

"All the threats are "real". Anytime someone makes a threat that intimidates or scares you is real, and has a real emotional and psychological impact."



Suggestions for physical safety from Michelle Ferrier (Trollbusters)

Solve for the physical safe space.

This could mean:

- Telling neighbors & friends so they can keep an eye out.
- Installing a home security system.
- Having a safe place you can go to if necessary (a hotel or a friend with a spare room, for example).
- Asking a friend to come stay with you.



We are not the experts on physical security - but others are!

- For more information about securing your home, we recommend the <u>"Physical Security Assessment" episode</u> of the Privacy, Security, & OSINT podcast & the <u>accompanying guide</u>
- See Mozilla's <u>Privacy Not Included</u> guide for private, secure camera options, or make an old Android into a private security camera with the <u>Haven app</u>
- Open Briefing's <u>Holistic Security Protocol for Human Rights Defenders</u> has physical security sections



Document before deleting comments

Resist the urge to delete material that is potentially crossing the line into threats.

Be sure to screenshot & download & document as much as possible before deleting these kinds of comments (or before the bad actor deletes their abusive comment).



Documenting for a variety of responses

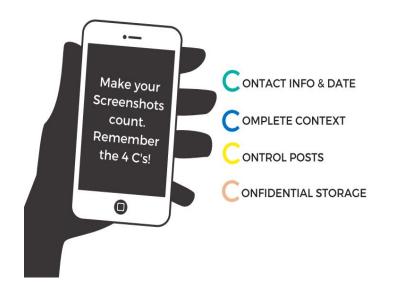
You will likely need to show documentation of these messages if you choose to escalate any actions to:

- a police report, FBI report, or other legal response
- contribute them to a database of bad actors
- report them to the platform.

Regardless of whether you can or want to rely on the police for assistance, documenting evidence is important!



Instructions on collecting evidence:





Incident Tracking Chart

Name of Offender: (if known)

Date & Time of Incident	Method of Contact	Description of Incident	File Name of Screenshot or Voicemail

http://www.endtechabuse.
org/

https://www.cagoldbergla w.com/incident-trackingchart/



Delegate, delegate

While you are dealing with harassment, can you delegate managing the messages and comments on your (professional or personal) social media accounts?

Share the resources on documenting threats from the previous slide to make sure the person you delegate can confidently save evidence as they manage your account.



Documentation proves escalation.

Remember escalation paths?

Documentation helps show that one person has made increasingly serious threats, which can help you know when to take action, loop in law enforcement or community safety groups, etc.



Tell your friends & family

We are in the business of stigma busting! It's not your fault, and being harassed is nothing to be ashamed of.

- Let friends & family know you are being targeted
- Tell them to watch out for fake or imposter communications from you and decide on a reliable way to communicate (Signal, phone calls, etc)
- Tell family and friends to be on high alert for potential scams, phishing emails, or threats and to document any scams or threats they receive



Enlist allies for your safety.

- If you can safely tell your neighbors, landlord, or building manager/security, let them know and enlist their help to keep an eye out for your safety
 - Make sure you have a way to communicate if they see anything sketchy in the neighborhood/your building
- If you have children:
 - Check in with your children's school around their existing campus security procedures.
- Ask your friends & family to look up the harassment & reporting rules for social media accounts; to help monitor, document, and report harassment; or do any other research you need to take action



Block, block, block!

Disengaging by blocking or making accounts private is a very effective tactic!

If you're experiencing a harassment campaign, you might want to temporarily make accounts private, disable your contact form, or otherwise cut off ways for people to harass you.





Block or report a harasser:

Facebook	https://www.facebook.com/help/290450221052800/
Twitter	https://help.twitter.com/en/using-twitter/blocking-and-unblocking-accounts
Instagram	https://help.instagram.com/454180787965921
Snapchat	https://www.wikihow.com/Block-Someone-on-Snapchat
LinkedIn	https://www.linkedin.com/help/linkedin/answer/47081/blocking-or-unblocking-a-mem ber?lang=en
Gmail	https://support.google.com/mail/answer/8151?co=GENIE.Platform%3DDesktop&hl=en



Lawyer Up!

- If you have access to a lawyer or legal team through your work, ask if they can assist in these cases.
 - If not, find a private lawyer with whom you can establish a relationship now, before you need one.
 - Look into local pro bono legal help services!
- The legal team can also review comments you aren't sure about.
- It helps often to ask a teammate or friend to go through these for you to ensure you don't have to deal with abuse. Make sure your lawyer/legal team know who that person is.



Trust Your Gut - Extreme Messages

Legislators' offices, nonprofits, and other workplaces often receive extreme communications that don't cross the line into "threat" but still may give you pause.

 Make a log of these communications, a timeline with dates, key phrases, and whether the sender is previously prone to high volumes of calls or letters.

Ensure your coworkers/staff know about these frequent messages, even if you feel silly bringing it up. They may have additional context, or can help you keep an eye out for escalation.

We often have the urge to "be polite" or "not be a bother" but you do not have to deal with disturbing calls or messages alone.

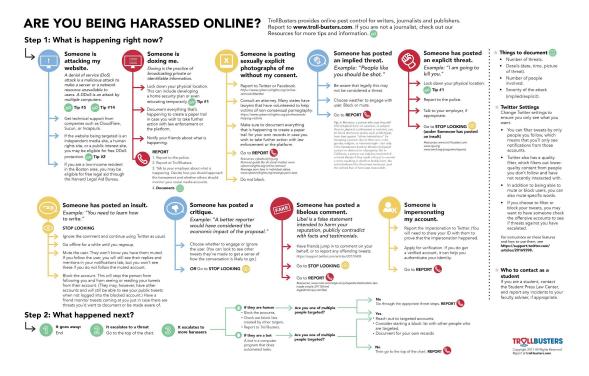


Final Note

It might go without saying, but we like to remind everyone to **trust their gut about an interaction or message feeling "off."** Your instinct built from your expertise and experiences with your work, your space, your community, is one of the most irreplaceable assets in best security practices.



Helpful resource: the Trollbusters Flowchart







Someone is doxing me.



Doxing is the practice of broadcasting private or identifiable information.

Lock down your physical location.
This can include developing
a home security plan or even
relocating temporarily. Tip #1

Document everything that's happening to create a paper trail in case you wish to take further action with law enforcement or the platform.

Notify your friends about what is happening.

REPORT



- 1. Report to the police.
- 2. Report ot TrollBusters.
- Talk to your employer about what is happening. Decide how you should approach the harassment and whether others should monitor your social media accounts.
- 4. Document.





Resources

- PEN's <u>Online Harassment Field Manual for Journalists</u>
- <u>International Press Institute Protocols for Newsrooms: Responding</u>
 <u>to Harassment</u> & <u>interactive protocol tool</u> (useful for any
 organizational responses to harassment)
- OnlineSOS
- Take Back the Tech's <u>Hey Friend!</u> Guide to Helping a Friend Experiencing Online Harassment
- Crimethinc's <u>Doxcare</u>: <u>Prevention and Aftercare</u>
- Maru: An Online Harassment Support Chatbot

